

## Midterm — May 3rd

Please provide complete and well-written solutions to the following exercises. All answers must be properly explained and justified.

**Exercise 1.** (/3) Given a parameter  $0 \leq p \leq 1$ , consider the Markov chain with state space  $\Omega = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  and transition matrix

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1/3 & 2/3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & p & 1-p & 0 & 0 \\ 1/3 & 0 & 0 & 1/3 & 1/3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (i) Depending on the parameter  $p$ , identify the transient states and the classes of recurrent states. Also determine the period of each state.
- (ii) Depending on  $p$ , for each recurrent class, find the stationary distribution for the chain restricted to that class. Determine all stationary distributions for the full chain.
- (iii) Depending on  $p$ , compute all entries of the limit  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P^n$  if it exists.

**Exercise 2.** (/2) At the beginning of each day, a machine is inspected to determine its working condition, which is classified as state 1 = new, 2, 3, or 4 = broken. We assume that a machine in state 1 remains in state 1 with probability 0.95 and otherwise is degraded to state 2, that a machine in state 2 remains in state 2 with probability 0.9 and otherwise is degraded to state 3, and that a machine in state 3 remains in state 3 with probability 0.875 and otherwise is degraded to state 4.

- (i) Suppose that a broken machine requires three days to fix it. To incorporate that into the Markov chain, we add states 5 and 6 and say that  $P_{45} = P_{56} = P_{61} = 1$ . What is the long-run time fraction that the machine is working?
- (ii) Suppose now that we have the option of performing preventative maintenance when the machine is in state 3 and that this maintenance takes one day and returns to state 1. Find the time fraction that the machine is working under this new policy.

**Exercise 3.** (/2) A company gives each of its employees the title of either ‘programmer’ or ‘project manager’. In any given year, 70% of programmers remain in that position, 20% are promoted to project manager, and 10% are fired. On the other hand, 95% project managers remain in that position and only 5% are fired. How long on average does a programmer work before they are fired?

**Exercise 4.** (/1) Folk wisdom holds that in the summer it rains  $1/3$  of the time, and that a rainy day is followed by a second one with probability  $1/2$ . Supposing that the weather can be modeled by a two-state Markov chain, what is its transition matrix?

**Exercise 5.** (/2) Let  $(S_n)_n$  be the simple random walk, that is,  $S_n = S_0 + X_1 + \dots + X_n$  where  $X_1, X_2, \dots$  are iid random variables with  $\mathbb{P}[X_1 = 1] = \mathbb{P}[X_1 = -1] = \frac{1}{2}$ .

- (i) Show that  $(S_n)_n, (S_n^2 - n)_n, (S_n^3 - 3nS_n)_n$  are martingales with respect to  $(X_n)_n$ .
- (ii) Construct a martingale involving  $S_n^4$ .